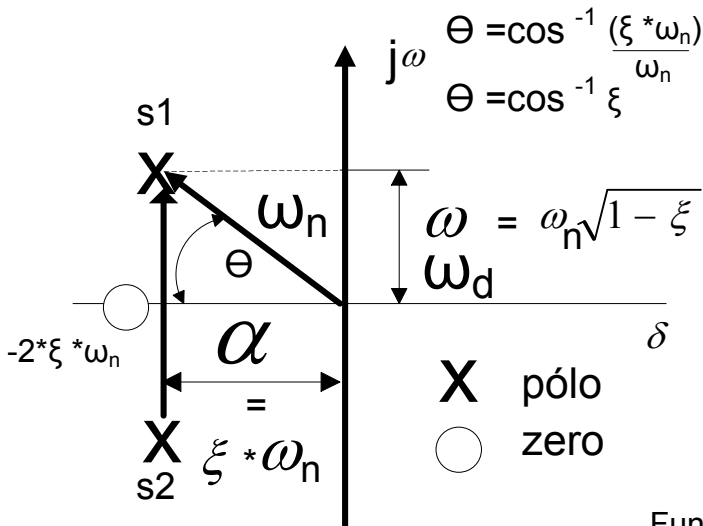


Dedução da Resposta no tempo ao sistema de ordem 2, com pólos complexas conjugados.



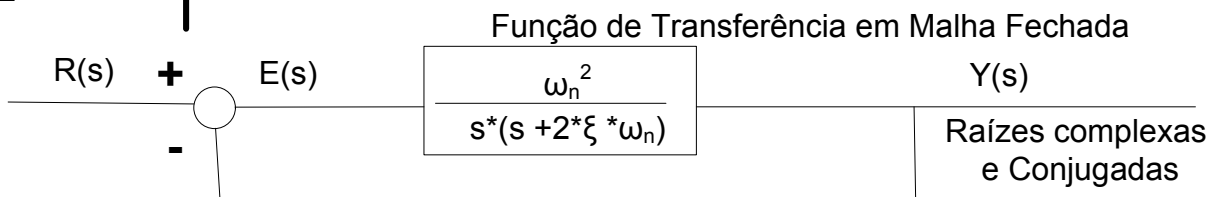
Apresentação dos parâmetros:

α Parte real do pólo
 ω Parte imaginária do pólo
 Pólos complexos e conjugados:

$$s_1 = -\alpha + j\omega$$

$$s_2 = -\alpha - j\omega$$

ω_n Frequência natural não amortecida
 ξ Coeficiente de amortecimento



$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{s^2 + 2\xi\omega_n s + \omega_n^2}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi\omega_n t)}}{\sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * \text{sen}(\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} t + \theta)$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{(s + \xi\omega_n + j\omega_d) * (s + \xi\omega_n - j\omega_d)}$$

$$\frac{Y(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{\omega_n^2}{(s + a + jb) * (s + a - jb)}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{k_1}{(s - s_1)} + \frac{k_2}{(s - s_2)}$$

$$k_1 = \frac{(y_0)(s + 2\xi\omega_n)}{(s - s_1^*)} = \frac{(Y_0) * M_1 * e^{j\theta}}{M_2 * e^{j\pi/2}}$$

$$Y(s) = \frac{k_1}{(s - s_1)} + \frac{K_1^*}{(s - s_1^*)}$$

M_1 é magnitude de $s + 2\xi\omega_n$ M_2 é magnitude de $s - s_1^*$
 $s - s_1^* = -\xi\omega_n + j\omega_d - (-\xi\omega_n - j\omega_d) = +2j\omega_d = M_2 * e^{j\pi/2} = 2 * \omega_d * e^{j\pi/2}$
 $s + 2\xi\omega_n = -\xi\omega_n + j\omega_d + 2\xi\omega_n = -\xi\omega_n + j\omega_d = M_1 * e^{j\pi/2} = \omega_n * e^{j\theta}$

$$k_1 = \frac{(Y_0) * M_1 * e^{j\theta}}{M_2 * e^{j\pi/2}} = \frac{(y_0) \omega_n * e^{j\theta}}{2 * \omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} * e^{j\pi/2}}$$

$$K_1 = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\theta - \pi/2)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}}$$

$$\omega_d = \omega_n * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}$$

$$K_2 = K_1^*$$

$$K_2 = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\pi/2 - \theta)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}}$$

$$K1 = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}}$$

$$K2 = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\pi/2 - \Theta)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}}$$

$$Y(t) = K1 * e^{s1 * t} + K2 * e^{s2 * t}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{s1 * t} + \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\pi/2 - \Theta)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{s2 * t}$$

$$S1 = -\xi * \omega_n + j\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}$$

$$S1 = -\xi * \omega_n + j\omega_n * B$$

$$S2 = -\xi * \omega_n - j\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}$$

$$S2 = -\xi * \omega_n - j\omega_n * B$$

$$B = \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}$$

$$e^{s1 * t} = e^{(-\xi * \omega_n + j\omega_n * B * t)}$$

$$e^{s2 * t} = e^{(-\xi * \omega_n - j\omega_n * B * t)}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n + j\omega_n * B * t)} + \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\pi/2 - \Theta)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n - j\omega_n * B * t)}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)} e^{j\omega_n * B * t} + \frac{(y_0) * e^{j(\pi/2 - \Theta)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)} e^{-j\omega_n * B * t}$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * (e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)} * e^{j\omega_n * B * t} + e^{j(\pi/2 - \Theta)} * e^{-j\omega_n * B * t})$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * (e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2)} * e^{j\omega_n * B * t} + e^{-j(\Theta - \pi/2)} * e^{-j\omega_n * B * t})$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * (e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)} + e^{-j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)})$$

Identidade de Euler : $e^{jx} = \cos x + j \sin x$

$$+ \frac{e^{jx} = \cos x + j \sin x}{e^{-jx} = \cos x - j \sin x}$$

$$(e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)} + e^{-j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)})$$

$$= 2 * \cos(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)$$

$$e^{jx} + e^{-jx} = 2 * \cos x$$

$$(e^{j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)} + e^{-j(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t)}) = 2 * \cos(\Theta - \pi/2 + \omega_n * B * t) = 2 * \cos(\omega_n * B * t + \Theta - \pi/2)$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{2 * \sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * 2 * \cos(\omega_n * B * t + \Theta - \pi/2)$$

$$\cos(x - \pi/2) = \sin x$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{\sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} * t + \Theta)$$

$$Y(t) = \frac{(y_0) * e^{(-\xi * \omega_n * t)}}{\sqrt{1 - \xi^2}} * \sin(\omega_n \sqrt{1 - \xi^2} * t + \Theta)$$